

Ramsar Information Sheet

Published on 25 November 2015 Update version, previously published on 1 January 2007

HungaryGemenc



Designation date 30 April 1997 Site number 900

Coordinates 46°13'16"N 18°51'18"E

Area 19 770,00 ha

Color codes

Fields back-shaded in light blue relate to data and information required only for RIS updates.

Note that some fields concerning aspects of Part 3, the Ecological Character Description of the RIS (tinted in purple), are not expected to be completed as part of a standard RIS, but are included for completeness so as to provide the requested consistency between the RIS and the format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description, as adopted in Resolution X.15 (2008). If a Contracting Party does have information available that is relevant to these fields (for example from a national format Ecological Character Description) it may, if it wishes to, include information in these additional fields.

1 - Summary

Summary

There is a variety of floodplain biotopes along the river Danube. The floodplain forests and dead branches of the river support a high number and dense populations of important and/or protected species and communities.

2 - Data & location

2.1 - Formal data

2.1.1 - Name and address of the compiler of this RIS

Compiler 1

Name	Ákos Gáborik
Institution/agency	Duna-Dráva Nemzeti Park Directorate
Postal address	Hungary H-7625 Pécs, Tettye tér 9.
E-mail	gaborik@ddnp.kvvm.hu
Phone	+36 72 517 200

2.1.2 - Period of collection of data and information used to compile the RIS

From year 2013

To year 2015

2.1.3 - Name of the Ramsar Site

Official name (in English, French or Spanish)

Gemenc

2.1.4 - Changes to the boundaries and area of the Site since its designation or earlier update

(Update) A Changes to Site boundary Yes No O	
^(Update) The boundary has been delineated more accurately ✓	
(Update) B. Changes to Site area the area has increased	
^(Update) The Site area has been calculated more accurately ✓	
^(Update) The Site has been delineated more accurately ✓	

2.1.5 - Changes to the ecological character of the Site

(Update) 6b i. Has the ecological character of the Ramsar Site (including applicable Criteria) changed since the previous RIS?

2.2 - Site location

2.2.1 - Defining the Site boundaries

b) Digital map/image

<1 file(s) uploaded>

Boundaries description (optional)

The previous map did not accurately represent the boundaries of the Ramsar Site. This has been corrected on the new map where the site follows the boundary of the Gemenc unit of the Duna-Dráva National Park.

2.2.2 - General location



2.2.3 - For wetlands on national boundaries only

- a) Does the wetland extend onto the territory of one or more other countries?
- b) Is the site adjacent to another designated Ramsar Site on the territory of another Contracting Party? Yes O No \odot

2.2.4 - Area of the Site

Official area, in hectares (ha): 19770

Area, in hectares (ha) as calculated from 19767.84 GIS boundaries

2.2.5 - Biogeography

Biogeographic regions

Regionalisation scheme(s)	Biogeographic region
EU biogeographic regionalization	Pannonic

3 - Why is the Site important?

3.1 - Ramsar Criteria and their justification

☑ Criterion 1: Representative, rare or unique natural or near-natural wetland types									
Other ecosystem services provided	Gemenc is a typical middle Danube floodplain. Considering its size and close to natural status it has a special value because it supports the species richness of the river Danube and its floodplain communities.								
☑ Criterion 2 : Rare species and the	reatened ecological communities								
☑ Criterion 3 : Biological diversity									

☑ Criterion 4 : Support during critical life cycle stage or in adverse conditions

1	Criterion	გ .	Fish	spawning	arounds	etc
COL.	CHICHOH	υ.	1 1311	Spawing	grounds,	Cic.

Justification	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.

Gemenc supports populations of plant and animal species important for maintaining the biological diversity in the Pannonic biogeographic region (as listed under Criterion 2).

3.2 - Plant species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

<no data available>

3.3 - Animal species whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Specie qualifie under criterio 2 4 6	s co	Species ontribut under criterio	Pop. Size	Period of pop. Est.	% occurrence	Red	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Acipenser ruthenus	Sterlet				 ✓			VU Sign				Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Alcedo atthis	Common Kingfisher	77						LC Sign			Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	100 pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ AVES	Anas platyrhynchos	Mallard							LC Sign				In addition to the breeding population, the area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Anas querquedula	Garganey											The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Anser albifrons	Greater White- fronted Goose							LC Sign				Non-breeding bird species. The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Anser anser	Greylag Goose							LC St Step				Non-breeding bird species. The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Anser fabalis	Bean Goose							LC Single				Non-breeding bird species. The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	qua u cri	ecies alifies nder terion	 Spectontri und crite	bute: ler rion	Size Period of pop. Est	% occurrence	IUCN Red A List	CITES Appendix	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
CHORDATA/ AVES	Ardea cinerea	Gray Heron; Grey Heron		90					LC				400 breeding pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ AVES	Aythya ferina	Common Pochard		90					LC Sir				In addition to the breeding population, the area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Aythya nyroca	Ferruginous Duck	V	90	00				NT ●数 ●翻		 ✓	Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	3-5 pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species. In addition to the breeding population, the area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Barbastella barbastellus	Barbastelle bat	V						NT			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ AMPHIBIA	Bombina bombina	Fire-bellied toad	V						LC Sign			Annex II and IV of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ AVES	Bucephala clangula	Common Goldeneye		90					LC Sign				Non-breeding bird species. The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Castor fiber	Eurasian Beaver	V						LC Sign			Annex II and IV of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ AVES	Ciconia nigra	Black Stork	V						LC Sign			Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	35-40 breeding pairs, 400-500 on migration Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Cyprinus carpio		2				2		VU ●\$* ●翻				Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Dryocopus martius	Black Woodpecker	V	90					LC Single			Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	50-60 breeding pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ REPTILIA	Emys orbicularis	European pond turtle	2									Annex II and IV of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Eptesicus serotinus	serotine;Common Serotine	V						LC			Annex IV Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Esox lucius						2		LC				Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ CEPHALASPIDOMORPH	Eudontomyzon mariae	Ukranian Brook Lamprey	V				2		LC			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Falco cherrug	Saker Falcon	V						EN ●数 ●翻		Ø	Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	1 breeding pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Felis silvestris	Wildcat	•						LC			Annex IV of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Gymnocephalus baloni		2						LC Str			Annex II and IV of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Gymnocephalus schraetser		V				2		LC other			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Species qualifies under criterior	s co	pecies ntribut under riterior	Pop. Size	Period of pop. Est. occurrence	IUCN Red /	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
CHORDATA/ AVES	Haliaeetus albicilla	White-tailed Eagle						LC	✓	Ø	Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	15 breeding pairs, 60 wintering Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Leuciscus aspius		2 00			√					Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Lutra lutra	European Otter	2 00					NT	√		Annex II and IV of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ AVES	Mergellus albellus	Smew	7 20					LC			Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	Non-breeding bird species. The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Mergus merganser	Common Merganser						LC				Non-breeding bird species. The area is an important migration stopover and wintering site.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Milvus migrans	Black Kite	7					LC Str			Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	25 breeding pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Misgurnus fossilis	Weatherfish				✓		LC			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Myotis brandtii	Brandt's bat	2 00					LC ●辭			Annex IV Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Myotis dasycneme	Pond Myotis;pond bat						NT			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Myotis mystacinus	Whiskered Myotis;whiskered bat						LC Sign			Annex IV Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Myotis nattereri	Natterer's bat;Natterer's Myotis						LC Sign			Annex IV Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Nyctalus leisleri	Leisler's bat	2 00					LC			Annex II Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Pelecus cultratus		2 00			√		LC			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ AVES	Pernis apivorus	European Honey Buzzard	7					LC ●数 ●翻			Annex I of the EU Birds Directive	15 breeding pairs Gemenc supports breeding grounds and migration stopovers of threatened and strictly protected bird species
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Plecotus auritus	brown big-eared bat;Brown Long- eared Bat	2 00					LC			Annex IV Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ MAMMALIA	Plecotus austriacus	gray big-eared bat;Gray Long- eared Bat						LC Str			Annex IV Habitat Directive	
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Romanogobio albipinnatus					V		LC Str			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Sander lucioperca					y		LC Sign				Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Silurus glanis					√		LC ●数 ●瞬				Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Species qualifies under criterion	Species contributes under criterion	Size	Period of pop. Est.	% occurrence	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendix I	CMS Appendix I	Other Status	Justification
CHORDATA/ AMPHIBIA	Triturus dobrogicus	Danube crested newt	2 000					NT			Annex II of the EU Habitats Directive	
CHORDATA/ ACTINOPTERYGII	Umbra krameri							VU Sis Sisse				Gemenc is an important spawning and nursery ground for different fish species.

3.4 - Ecological communities whose presence relates to the international importance of the site

Community qualifies under Criterion 2?	Description	Justification
2	with vegetation of the Littorelletea uniflorae and/or of the Isoëto-Nanojuncetea	Annex I of the EU Habitats Directive
Ø		Annex I of the EU Habitats Directive
Ø		Annex I of the EU Habitats Directive
2		Annex I of the EU Habitats Directive
2		Annex I of the EU Habitats Directive
Ø	along the great rivers	Annex I of the EU Habitats Directive
	Criterion 2?	with vegetation of the Littorelletea uniflorae and/or of the Isoèto-Nanojuncetea

4 - What is the Site like? (Ecological character description)

4.1 - Ecological character

Forests – dominant tree species: Quercus robur, Salix alba, Populus alba, Populus nigra, Ulmus laevis, Fraxinus angustifolia, Populus x euramericana, Juglans nigra

Water bodies - permanent water coverage in the river Danube and some side branches and oxbows, seasonal/temporary water coverage in some old oxbows, marshy depressions, reedbeds, wet meadows, willow bushes and forests.

The most characteristic vegetation associations are the following:

- o Calamagostri-Salicetum cinereae o Caricetum elatae
- o Scirpo-Phragmitetum
- o Hydrochari-Strationetum
- o Moinetum coerulae
- o Perucedano-Asterertum sedifolii
- o Salvio-Festucetum rupicolae
- o Agrostio-Alopecuretum pratensis
- o Achilleo-Festucetum pseudoinae

4.2 - What wetland type(s) are in the site?

Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1
Fresh water > Flowing water >> M. Permanent rivers/ streams/ creeks		3		Representative
Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> O: Permanent freshwater lakes		0		Representative
Fresh water > Lakes and pools >> P: Seasonal/ intermittent freshwater lakes		4		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Ts: Seasonal/ intermittent freshwater marshes/ pools on inorganic soils		2		Representative
Fresh water > Marshes on inorganic soils >> Xf: Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands		1		Representative

Human-made wetlands					
Wetland types (code and name)	Local name	Ranking of extent (1: greatest - 4: least)	Area (ha) of wetland type	Justification of Criterion 1	
4: Seasonally flooded agricultural land					
7: Excavations					
9: Canals and drainage channels or ditches					

4.3 - Biological components

4.3.1 - Plant species

Other noteworthy plant species

Scientific name	Common name	Position in range / endemism / other
Crataegus nigra		
Leucojum aestivum		
Nymphaea alba		
Nymphoides peltata		
Sagittaria sagittifolia		
Salvinia natans		
Trapa natans		

4.3.2 - Animal species

Other noteworthy animal species

Phylum	Scientific name	Common name	Pop. size	Period of pop. est.	%occurrence	Position in range /endemism/other
ANNELIDA/CLITELLATA	Hirudo medicinalis	Medicinal leech				
CHORDATA/AMPHIBIA	Hyla arborea	European tree frog				
CHORDATAVANES	Mergus serrator	Red-breasted Merganser				
CHORDATA/MAM/MALIA	Neomys anomalus	Mediterranean Water Shrew;Southern Water Shrew				
CHORDATA/MAM/MALIA	Sorex araneus	Common Shrew;Eurasian Shrew				
CHORDATA/MAMMALIA	Sorex minutus	Eurasian Pygmy Shrew				

4.4 - Physical components

4.4.1 - Climate

The climate is continental, the zone is semi-arid. Precipitations mainly occur in spring and late summer. Yearly average precipitation summa is around 500-600 mm, annual mean temperature is 11 degrees Centigrade.

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4.4.2 -	Geomorp	hic	settina

a) Minimum elevation above sea level metro	86	
a) Maximum elevation above sea level metro	94	
	Middle part of rive	er basin 🗹

Please name the river basin or basins. If the site lies in a sub-basin, please also name the larger river basin. For a coastal/marine site, please name the sea or ocean.

The site is on the alluvial reach of the river Danube.

4.4.3 - Soil

Mineral 🗷

Organic 🗹

Are soil types subject to change as a result of changing hydrological conditions (e.g., increased salinity or acidification)?

Please provide further information on the soil (optional)

Deep and surface layers are deposited river sediments, high proportion of sand, smaller of gravel, silt and clay. Surface morphology is characterised by dead river branches, some of which are already only temporarily flooded meadows in depressions, due to silting up. The apparent deepening of the stabilized riverbed of the Danube and sediment deposits during inundation are the most typical ongoing geomorphological processes.

4.4.4 - Water regime

Water permanence

Trator pormanonoo	
Presence?	Changes at RIS update
Usually permanent water present	
Usually seasonal, ephemeral or intermittent water present	

Please add any comments on the water regime and its determinants (if relevant). Use this box to explain sites with complex hydrology.

The site has very small own catchment that does not play an important role in the hydrology, nor the water quality of the floodplain. Water supply comes practically a hundred percent from Danube floodings. The site is situated on the active floodplain of the Danube river, the water regime of the branches, oxbow lakes and other backwater types depend on the main course of the river.

The hydrology is determined by that of the river Danube. Annual average flooding durability is between 50 and 60 days. Flooding occurs if water level on the Baja gauge exceeds 600 cm. The water level of the Danube on this stretch is strictly depending on the precipitation of the catchment upstream Devin (Austrian and German catchment) with high runoff rates. The difference between the lowest and highest water levels of the Danube at the Baja gauge is about 10 m.

4.4.5 - Sediment regime

Significant erosion of sediments occurs on the site 🗹

Significant accretion or deposition of sediments occurs on the site $\ensuremath{\overline{\omega}}$

Please provide further information on sediment (optional):

Considerable amounts of both suspended sediment and bed-load enter the floodplain during high floods, and are deposited there. This has an adverse effect because sediment deposition leads to a continuous rise of the elevation and thus to decrease of inundation frequency and durability of the floodplain. In addition, in the main riverbed of the Danube there is continuous sediment deficiency caused by river regulation, so there is erosion in the main riverbed.

Unknown 🗹

4.4.7 - Water salinity

Fresh (<0.5 g/l)

Unknown 🗹

4.4.8 - Dissolved or suspended nutrients in water

Unknown 🗹

4.4.9 - Features of the surrounding area which may affect the Site

Please describe whether, and if so how, the landscape and ecological characteristics in the area surrounding the Ramsar Site differ from the i) broadly similar O ii) significantly different \odot site itself.

4.5 - Ecosystem services

4.5.1 - Ecosystem services/benefits

Provisioning Services

Flowstorling Services						
Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance				
Food for humans	Sustenance for humans (e.g., fish, molluscs, grains)	Medium				
Wetland non-food products	Timber	Medium				

Regulating Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Hazard reduction	Flood control, flood storage	High

Cultural Services

Ecosystem service	Examples	Importance/Extent/Significance
Recreation and tourism	Recreational hunting and fishing	Medium
Recreation and tourism	Water sports and activities	Medium
Recreation and tourism	Nature observation and nature-based tourism	Medium

Other ecosystem service(s) not included above:

a) within the Ramsar site:

Forestry, hunting, fishing, angling, recreation, tourism.

b) in the surroundings/catchment:

Various, characterised by agriculture and aquaculture.

Hydrological values:

The area is a floodplain, the groundwater regime of which is directly dependent of the water levels of the Danube. The water levels of different observation wells follow the changes of the Danube level, the dependence is decreasing with distance from the river. The floodplain with its more than 16000 ha area plays an important role with its natural retention capacity in case of high flood waves.

Current recreation and tourism:

There is an official tourist trail across the area. There is a biking route around the site. Waterbodies are very popular for rowing. Angling is also very popular where allowed.

Have studies or assessments been made of the economic valuation of yes O No O Unknown ● ecosystem services provided by this Ramsar Site?

4.5.2 - Social and cultural values

<no data available>

4.6 - Ecological processes

<no data available>

5 - How is the Site managed? (Conservation and management)

5.1 - Land tenure and responsibilities (Managers)

5.1.1 - Land tenure/ownership

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Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
National/Federal government	>	
Local authority, municipality, (sub)district, etc.		V

Private ownership

Category	Within the Ramsar Site	In the surrounding area
Other types of private/individual owner(s)	/	2

5.	1.2	2 -	M	lar	าลเ	ae	me	nt	aut	ho	rit\	V
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agency or organization responsible for	Duna-Dráva National Park Directorate
managing the site:	
Provide the name and title of the person or people with responsibility for the wetland:	Ákos Gáborik, zoological officer
people with responsibility for the wettand.	
	H-7625 Pécs, Tettye tér 9.
Postal address:	Hungary
Fusial address.	Phone: +36-72-517-200, Fax: +36-72-517-201,
	E-mail: DunaDrava@ddnp.kvvm.hu
E-mail address:	gaborik@ddnp.kvvm.hu

5.2 - Ecological character threats and responses (Management)

5.2.1 - Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the Site's ecological character

Human settlements (non agricultural)

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Tourism and recreation areas		Medium impact	>	No change		No change
Unspecified development		Medium impact	✓	No change	✓	No change

Water regulation

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Drainage			₽		✓	

Transportation and service corridors

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Unspecified	Medium impact	Medium impact	✓	No change	✓	No change

Biological resource use

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Fishing and harvesting aquatic resources	Medium impact		✓	No change		No change

Invasive and other problematic species and genes

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Invasive non-native/ alien species			2			

Pollution

Factors adversely affecting site	Actual threat	Potential threat	Within the site	Changes	In the surrounding area	Changes
Unspecified		Medium impact		No change	✓	No change

Please describe any other threats (optional):

a) within the Ramsar site:

Past: river regulation of the Danube river and flood protection of the surrounding, intensive forest management.

Present: intensive forest management, overfishing of natural waterbodies, navigation.

Future: development of transportation, infrastructure and increasing human pressure (resulting mainly from increasing water-related recreation and tourism).

b) in the surrounding area:

Agricultural activities, development of transportation, infrastructure, insufficiently treated wastewater disposal in the vicinity.

5.2.2 - Legal conservation status

Regional (international) legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
EU Natura 2000	Gemenc (SPA and SCI)		whole

National legal designations

Designation type	Name of area	Online information url	Overlap with Ramsar Site
Landscape Protection Area			whole
National Park			whole

5.2.3 - IUCN protected areas categories (2008)

V Protected Landscape/Seascape: protected area managed mainly for

landscape/seascape conservation and recreation

5.2.4 - Key conservation measures

Habitat

Tabitat	
Measures	Status
Hydrology management/restoration	Proposed

Other:

The management plan exists in draft version only. It is not approved yet.

Wetland restoration measures are planned (technical interventions in order to improve the water regime).

5.2.5 - Management planning

Is there a site-specific management plan for the site? In preparation

Has a management effectiveness assessment been undertaken for the site? Yes O No ®

If the site is a formal transboundary site as indicated in section Data and location > Site location, are there shared management planning Yes O No oprocesses with another Contracting Party?

Please indicate if a Ramsar centre, other educational or visitor facility, or an educational or visitor programme is associated with the site:

There are visitors' centres, observation towers and nature trails, as well as information booklets and tourists' maps available.

5.2.6 - Planning for restoration

Is there a site-specific restoration plan? No, but a plan is being prepared

5.2.7 - Monitoring implemented or proposed

Monitoring	Status
Water regime monitoring	Implemented
Water quality	Implemented
Plant species	Implemented
Animal species (please specify)	Implemented
Birds	Implemented

Different monitoring activities have been carried out during the past 15 years in relation to Hydrology, Bird fauna, Flora, Amphibian, Reptile and Fish fauna, Water quality, Groundwater regime. There is no field research station. The monitoring activities are carried out by different NG organizations and institutions in co-operation with the Directorate.

6 - Additional material

6.1 - Additional reports and documents

6.1.1 - Bibliographical references

Please refer to Section 6.1.2. vi. other published literature, for the full bibliography.

6.1.2 - Additional reports and documents

i. taxonomic lists of plant and animal species occurring in the site (see section 4.3)

<no file available

ii. a detailed Ecological Character Description (ECD) (in a national format)

<no file available>

iii. a description of the site in a national or regional wetland inventory

<no file available>

iv. relevant Article 3.2 reports

<no file available>

v. site management plan

<no file available>

vi. other published literature

<1 file(s) uploaded>

6.1.3 - Photograph(s) of the Site

Please provide at least one photograph of the site:



The Nyéki Holt-Duna (oxbow) at Gemenc in autumn (*Mr. Attila Mórocz*; *Duna-Dráva National Park Directorate, 02-11-2006*)

6.1.4 - Designation letter and related data

Designation letter

<no file available>

Date of Designation 1997-04-30