Information Sheet on Ramsar Wetlands

As approved by Rec.4.7. of the Conference of the Contracting Parties, Montreux, Switzerland/July 1990

NOTE: please read the accompanying guidelines before attempt ing to complete this form. An example of a completed data sheet is also included.

Completed sheets should be returned to: T.A. Jones, Ramsar Database, IWRB, Slimbridge, Glouchester GL2 7BX, England

1. Country: Hungary

2. Date: 02.09.1992.

3. Ref.: (office use only)

344004

4. Name and Address of compiler

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5. Name of wetland:	Kis-Balaton
6. Date of Ramsar designation:	11/04/79.
7. Geographical coordinates:	46° 40' N 017 o15' E

8. General location: (e.g. administrative region and nearest large town)

In county of Somogy near Vörs village. The reservoir part is in Zala county surrounded by Zalavár-Zalaszabad-Nagyrada- Garabonc-Balatonmagyaród villages.

9. Area: (in hectars)	14,745	7	
10. Wetland type: (see attached classification, also approved by Montreaux Rec.C.4,7)		1 by Montreaux Rec.C.4,7)	S, 6 /shallow reservoir/

11. Altitude: (average and/or maximum and minimum) maximum 106 m

average 104,7 m

minimum 103,4 m above Baltic Sea level

12. Overview:(general summary, in two or three sentences, of the wetlands principal characteristics)

On the area the human intervention started in 1922. In 1929 the drainage works were finished. The filling-up of surrounding areas with organic and inorganic matters caused a decline in water quality, necessitating reconstruction work. This has been finished already on 2000 hectares.

13. Physical features: (e.g. geology; geomorphology; ori gins-natural or artificial; hydrology; soil type; water quality; water dept; water permanence; fluctuations in water level; tidal variations; catchment area; downstream area; climate)

The average depth of the marshland after-draining is 0,8 meter, average temperature C 15 degrees, the openwater surface 12 hectars, the remaining area is covered by huge reed-beds. The reservoir part was inundated in 1985. Average depth approximately 1,6 m, with slow-flowing water.

14. Ecological features: (main habitats and vegetation types)

Main habitats: soft-wooded type gallery forest, reeds marsh, openwater body Vegetation types: Saliceto-Populetum, Phragmitetum, Nympheaetum albo-luteae

- 15. Land tenure/ownership of:
- (a) site: all state owned
- (b) surrounding area: owned by farmers cooperatives

16. Conservation measures taken: (national cathegory and legal status of protected areas - including any boundary changes which have been made; management practices; whether on officially approved plan exists and whether it has been implemented)

The legal status of the area is Landscape Protection Area. A basic management plan for the area exists. Admittance to the area only with permission issued by the Nature Conservation Directorate.

17. Conservation measures proposed but not yet implemented: (e.g.management plan in preparation; officially proposed as a protected area etc.)

A management and development plan has to be prepared.

- 18. Current land use: principal human activities in:
- (a) site: extensive fishing, reed harvesting
- (b) surroundings/catchment : agricultural activities, limited forestry activities

- 19. Disturbances/threats, including changes in land use and major development projects: (factors which may have a negative impact on the ecological character of the wetland)
- (a) at the site: on the reservoir part intensive siltation, inadequate technology of fishing
- (b) in the surroundings/catchment increased use of agrochemicals
- 20. Hydrological and physical values: (groundwater recharge, flood control, sediment trapping, shoreline stabilisaton etc.) removing of Nitrogen and Phosphorous from the water of River Zala, sediment trapping. Shoreline stabilization on 50 % of the area.
- 21. Social and cultural values: (e.g. fisheries production, forestry, religious importance, archeological site etc.)

 Some fish production can be mentioned and a limited forestry production.
- 22. Noteworthy fauna: (e.g.unique, rare, endangered, abundant or biogeographically important species;include count data etc.)

Anser fabalis- Bean Goose, Anser anser - Grey-lag Goose, Anas platyrhynchos -Mallard, Egretta alba - Great White Egret, Egretta garzetta - Little Egret, Ardeola ralloides - Squacco Heron, Platalea leucorodia - Spoonbill, Cicona nigra - Black Stork, Haliaetus albicilla -White-tailed Eagle

23. Noteworthy flora: (e.g.unique, rare, endangered, or biogeographically important species/communities etc.)

Iris pseudacorus, Nyphaea alba, Nuphar Luteum

24. Current scientific research and facilities: (e.g.details of current projects; existence of field station etc.)

The complex survey of basic natural status which is a countywide program is going on, together with the second phase of reconstruction works which will add 5000 hectars to the area.

25. Current conservation education: (e.g.visitors centre, hides, information booklet, facilities for school visits etc.)

Two observation towers are serving the visit of school- and specialized groups, they have to accompanied by guide.

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26. Current recrea	tion and tourism: (state if wetland used for recreation/tourism;indicate type and frequency/intensity
On the edge of the	area there is one Island /Kányavár/
which can be freely were 15,000 visitor	y visited. There are directing panels and observation towers. In 1991 there is.
27. Management a	uthority: (name and address of body responsible for managing the wetland)
Central-Trans-Dar	nubian Nature Conservation Directorate, H-8200 Veszprém Vár u. 31.
28. Jurisdiction: (to	erritorial e.g. state/region and functional e.g. Dept of Agriculture/Dept of Environment etc.)
Same as point 27.	The first instant authority of the Ministry for Environment and Regional
29. Bibliographica	l references: (scientific/technical only)
At the Nature Con	servation Directorate there is a Bibliography including 900 titles
30. Reasons for inc	clusion: (state which Ramsar crite ria - as adopted by Rec.C.4.15 of the Montreux Conference - are applica ble)
1 a	
2 a	
2 a 3 b	