51. Exe Estuary

Geographical Coordinates 50°37′N 3°25′W Area 2,389ha

Location About 5km south-east of the city of Exeter, in the county of Devon, south-west England.

Date of Ramsar Designation 11 March 1992.

Other International Designations Special Protection Area under EC Directive 79/409.

National Designations Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI); Local Nature Reserve (LNR).

Principal Features The estuary includes shallow offshore waters, extensive mud and sand flats, and limited areas of saltmarsh. The site boundary also embraces part of Exeter Canal; Exminster Marshes - a complex of marshes and damp pasture towards the head of the estuary; and Dawlish Warren - an extensive recurved sand-dune system which has developed across the mouth of the estuary. Average peak counts of wintering water birds regularly exceed 20,000 individuals (23,268*), including internationally important numbers* of *Branta bernicla bernicla* (2,343). Species wintering in nationally important numbers* include *Podiceps auritus, Haematopus ostralegus, Recurvirostra avosetta* (311), *Pluvialis squatarola, Calidris alpina* and *Limosa limosa* (594). Because of its relatively mild climate and sheltered location, the site assumes even greater importance as a refuge during spells of severe weather. Nationally important numbers of *Charadrius hiaticula* and *Tringa nebularia* occur on passage. Parts of the site are managed as nature reserves by the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds and by the local authority. (1a,3a,3b,3c)

Conservation Issues No reports of any problems have been received; a comprehensive management plan is being drawn up for the site.

^{*}All figures are average peak counts for the five winters 1987/88 to 1991/92.